## Line on both HP \& VP

A line $A B, 60 \mathrm{~mm}$ long lies on both the HP and VP. Draw its projection. J1


## Line on both HP \& VP

A line AB, 60 mm long lies on both the HP and VP. Draw its projection. J1


## Line parallel to both HP \& VP

A line CD 50 mm long has its end C, 15 mm above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is kept parallel to both HP and VP. Draw its projections. J2


## Line parallel to both HP \& VP

A line CD 50 mm long has its end C, 15 mm above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is kept parallel to both HP and VP. Draw its projections. J2


## Line parallel to both HP \& VP

A line CD 50 mm long has its end C, 15mm above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is kept parallel to both HP and VP. Draw its projections. J2


## Line parallel to both HP \& VP

A line CD 50 mm long has its end C, 15mm above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is kept parallel to both HP and VP. Draw its projections. J2


## Line parallel to both HP \& VP

A line CD 50 mm long has its end C, 15mm above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is kept parallel to both HP and VP. Draw its projections. J2


## Line parallel to VP \& perpendicular to HP

A line EF 55mm long has its end E 15 mm above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is kept perpendicular to HP and parallel to VP. Draw its projections. J3


## Line parallel to VP \& perpendicular to HP

A line EF 55mm long has its end E 15 mm above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is kept perpendicular to HP and parallel to VP. Draw its projections. J3


## Line parallel to VP \& perpendicular to HP

A line EF 55mm long has its end E 15 mm above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is kept perpendicular to HP and parallel to VP. Draw its projections. J3


## Line parallel to VP \& perpendicular to HP

A line EF 55mm long has its end E 15 mm above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is kept perpendicular to HP and parallel to VP. Draw its projections. J3


## Line parallel to HP \& perpendicular to VP

A line GH, 50 mm long has its end G 20 mm above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is kept perpendicular to VP and parallel to HP. Draw its projections. J4

## Line parallel to HP \& perpendicular to VP

A line GH, 50 mm long has its end G 20 mm above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is kept perpendicular to VP and parallel to HP. Draw its projections. J4


## Line parallel to HP \& perpendicular to VP

A line GH, 50 mm long has its end G 20 mm above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is kept perpendicular to VP and parallel to HP. Draw its projections. J4


## Line parallel to HP \& perpendicular to VP

A line GH, 50 mm long has its end G 20 mm above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is kept perpendicular to VP and parallel to HP. Draw its projections. J4


## Line lies on VP \& Inclined to HP

A line PQ 55mm long is lying on VP and inclined at 450 with the HP. The end $P$ is 25mm above HP. Draw its projections. J5


## Line lies on VP \& Inclined to HP

A line PQ 55mm long is lying on VP and inclined at 450 with the HP. The end $P$ is 25mm above HP. Draw its projections. J5


## Line lies on VP \& Inclined to HP

A line PQ 55mm long is lying on VP and inclined at 450 with the HP. The end $P$ is 25mm above HP. Draw its projections. J5


## Line lies on VP \& Inclined to HP

A line PQ 55mm long is lying on VP and inclined at 450 with the HP. The end $P$ is 25mm above HP. Draw its projections. J5


## Line lies on VP \& Inclined to HP

A line PQ 55mm long is lying on VP and inclined at 450 with the HP. The end $P$ is 25mm above HP. Draw its projections. J5


## Line lies on HP \& Inclined to VP

A line PQ 55mm long, is lying on the HP and makes an angle of 350 with the VP. Its end $\mathbf{P}$ is 25 mm in front of VP. Draw the projection of the line. J6


## Line lies on HP \& Inclined to VP

A line PQ 55mm long, is lying on the HP and makes an angle of 350 with the VP. Its end $\mathbf{P}$ is 25 mm in front of VP. Draw the projection of the line. J6


## Line lies on HP \& Inclined to VP

A line PQ 55mm long, is lying on the HP and makes an angle of 350 with the VP. Its end $\mathbf{P}$ is 25 mm in front of VP. Draw the projection of the line. J6


## Line lies on HP \& Inclined to VP

A line PQ 55mm long, is lying on the HP and makes an angle of 350 with the VP. Its end $\mathbf{P}$ is 25 mm in front of VP. Draw the projection of the line. J6


## Line lies on HP \& Inclined to VP

A line PQ 55mm long, is lying on the HP and makes an angle of 350 with the VP. Its end $\mathbf{P}$ is 25 mm in front of VP. Draw the projection of the line. J6


## Line parallel to VP \& Inclined to HP

A line PQ 50mm long has its end P 30mm above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is kept inclined at 400 to HP and parallel to VP. Draw its projections. J7


## Line parallel to VP \& Inclined to HP

A line PQ 50 mm long has its end $P 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is kept inclined at 400 to HP and parallel to VP. Draw its projections. J7


## Line parallel to VP \& Inclined to HP

A line PQ 50 mm long has its end $P 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is kept inclined at 400 to HP and parallel to VP. Draw its projections. J7


## Line parallel to VP \& Inclined to HP

A line PQ 50 mm long has its end $P 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is kept inclined at 400 to HP and parallel to VP. Draw its projections. J7


## Line parallel to VP \& Inclined to HP

A line PQ 50 mm long has its end P 30 mm above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is kept inclined at 400 to HP and parallel to VP. Draw its projections. J7


## Line parallel to HP \& Inclined to VP

A line PQ 50mm long has its end P 25mm above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is inclined at 450 to VP and parallel to HP. Draw its projections. J8

## Line parallel to HP \& Inclined to VP

A line PQ 50mm long has its end P 25 mm above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is inclined at 450 to VP and parallel to HP. Draw its projections. J8


## Line parallel to HP \& Inclined to VP

A line PQ 50 mm long has its end P 25mm above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is inclined at 450 to VP and parallel to HP. Draw its projections. J8


## Line parallel to HP \& Inclined to VP

A line PQ 50 mm long has its end P 25mm above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is inclined at 450 to VP and parallel to HP. Draw its projections. J8


## Line parallel to HP \& Inclined to VP

A line PQ 50 mm long has its end P 25mm above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is inclined at 450 to VP and parallel to HP. Draw its projections. J8




## Line parallel to VP \& Inclined to HP

A line PQ 65mm long has its end $P, 20 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 30 mm in front of VP. Its top view has a length of 45mm. Draw its projections and find the inclination of the line with HP. J9


## Line parallel to VP \& Inclined to HP

A line PQ 65mm long has its end $P, 20 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 30 mm in front of VP. Its top view has a length of 45mm. Draw its projections and find the inclination of the line with HP. J9


## Line parallel to VP \& Inclined to HP

A line PQ 65mm long has its end P, 20mm above HP and 30 mm in front of VP. Its top view has a length of 45 mm . Draw its projections and find the inclination of the line with HP. J9


## Line parallel to HP \& Inclined to VP

A line PQ 60mm long has its end P 30mm above HP and 15 mm in front of VP. Its front view has a length of 45 mm . Draw the projections and find the inclination of the line with VP. J10


## Line parallel to HP \& Inclined to VP

A line PQ 60 mm long has its end $\mathbf{P} 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 15 mm in front of VP. Its front view has a length of 45 mm . Draw the projections and find the inclination of the line with VP. J10


## Line parallel to HP \& Inclined to VP

A line PQ 60 mm long has its end $\mathbf{P} 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 15 mm in front of VP. Its front view has a length of 45 mm . Draw the projections and find the inclination of the line with VP. J10


## Line parallel to HP \& Inclined to VP

A line PQ 60 mm long has its end $\mathbf{P} 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 15 mm in front of VP. Its front view has a length of 45 mm . Draw the projections and find the inclination of the line with VP. J10


## Line parallel to HP \& Inclined to VP

A line PQ 60 mm long has its end $\mathbf{P} 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 15 mm in front of VP. Its front view has a length of 45 mm . Draw the projections and find the inclination of the line with VP. J10


## Line parallel to HP \& Inclined to VP

A line PQ has its end $P 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 20 mm in front of VP. It is inclined at 250 to VP and parallel to HP. Draw its projections, if the distance between the end projectors to be 55 mm . Find the true length of the line also. J11


## Line parallel to HP \& Inclined to VP

A line PQ has its end $P 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 20 mm in front of VP. It is inclined at 250 to VP and parallel to HP. Draw its projections, if the distance between the end projectors to be 55 mm . Find the true length of the line also. J11


## Line parallel to HP \& Inclined to VP

A line PQ has its end $P 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 20 mm infront of VP. It is inclined at 250 to VP and parallel to HP. Draw its projections, if the distance between the end projectors to be 55 mm . Find the true length of the line also. J11


## Line parallel to HP \& Inclined to VP

A line PQ has its end $P 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 20 mm in front of VP. It is inclined at 250 to VP and parallel to HP. Draw its projections, if the distance between the end projectors to be 55 mm . Find the true length of the line also. J11


## Line parallel to HP \& Inclined to VP

A line PQ has its end $P 30 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 20 mm in front of VP. It is inclined at 250 to VP and parallel to HP. Draw its projections, if the distance between the end projectors to be 55 mm . Find the true length of the line also. J11


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

A line 70 mm long has one end 15 mm above HP and 30 mm in front of VP. The line is inclined at $35^{\circ}$ to HP and $45^{\circ}$ to VP. Draw its projections of the line. J12


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

A line 70 mm long has one end 15 mm above HP and 30 mm in front of VP. The line is inclined at $35^{\circ}$ to HP and $45^{\circ}$ to VP. Draw its projections of the line. J12


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

A line 70 mm long has one end 15 mm above HP and 30 mm in front of VP. The line is inclined at $35^{\circ}$ to HP and $45^{\circ}$ to VP. Draw its projections of the line. J12


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

A line 70 mm long has one end 15 mm above HP and 30 mm in front of VP. The line is inclined at $35^{\circ}$ to HP and $45^{\circ}$ to VP. Draw its projections of the line. J12


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

A line 70 mm long has one end 15 mm above HP and 30 mm in front of VP. The line is inclined at $35^{\circ}$ to HP and $45^{\circ}$ to VP. Draw its projections of the line. $\quad \mathrm{Lollis}^{2} 2_{\mathrm{Q}} \mathrm{in} \mathrm{FV}$


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

A line 70 mm long has one end 15 mm above HP and 30 mm in front of VP. The line is inclined at $35^{\circ}$ to HP and $45^{\circ}$ to VP. Draw its projections of the line. $\quad$ dere of $Q$ in $F V$


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

A line 70 mm long has one end 15 mm above HP and 30 mm in front of VP. The line is inclined at $35^{\circ}$ to HP and $45^{\circ}$ to VP. Draw its projections of the line. . dece of $Q$ in $F V$


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

A line 70 mm long has one end 15 mm above HP and 30 mm in front of VP. The line is inclined at $35^{\circ}$ to HP and $45^{\circ}$ to VP. Draw its projections of the line. J12


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

A line $A B$ has its end $A 15 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 10 mm in front of VP. The end $B$ is 55 mm above HP and the line is inclined at $30^{\circ}$ to HP. The distance between end projectors of the line, when measured parallel to the line of intersection of plane is 50 mm . Draw the projections and find its inclination with VP. ST RA 13

## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

A line $A B$ has its end $A 15 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 10 mm in front of VP. The end $B$ is 55 mm above HP and the line is inclined at $30^{\circ}$ to HP. The distance between end projectors of the line, when measured parallel to the line of intersection of plane is 50 mm . Draw the projections and find its inclination with VP. ST RA 13


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

A line $A B$ has its end $A 15 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 10 mm in front of VP. The end $B$ is 55 mm above HP and the line is inclined at $30^{\circ}$ to HP. The distance between end projectors of the line, when measured parallel to the line of intersection of plane is 50 mm . Draw the projections and find its inclination with VP. ST RA 13


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

A line $A B$ has its end $A 15 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 10 mm in front of VP. The end $B$ is 55 mm above HP and the line is inclined at $30^{\circ}$ to HP. The distance between end projectors of the line, when measured parallel to the line of intersection of plane is 50 mm . Draw the projections and find its inclination with VP. ST RA 13


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

A line $A B$ has its end $A 15 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 10 mm in front of VP. The end $B$ is 55 mm above HP and the line is inclined at $30^{\circ}$ to HP. The distance between end projectors of the line, when measured parallel to the line of intersection of plane is 50 mm . Draw the projections and find its inclination with VP. ST RA 13


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

A line $A B$ has its end $A 15 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 10 mm in front of VP. The end $B$ is 55 mm above HP and the line is inclined at $30^{\circ}$ to HP. The distance between end projectors of the line, when measured parallel to the line of intersection of plane is 50 mm . Draw the projections and find its inclination with VP. ST RA 13


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

A line $A B$ has its end $A 15 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 10 mm in front of VP. The end $B$ is 55 mm above HP and the line is inclined at $30^{\circ}$ to HP. The distance between end projectors of the line, when measured parallel to the line of intersection of plane is 50 mm . Draw the projections and find its inclination with VP. ST RA 13


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

A line $A B$ has its end $A 15 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 10 mm in front of VP. The end $B$ is 55 mm above HP and the line is inclined at $30^{\circ}$ to HP. The distance between end projectors of the line, when measured parallel to the line of intersection of plane is 50 mm . Draw the projections and find its inclination with VP. ST RA 13


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

A line $A B$ has its end $A 15 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 10 mm in front of VP. The end $B$ is 55 mm above HP and the line is inclined at $30^{\circ}$ to HP. The distance between end projectors of the line, when measured parallel to the line of intersection of plane is 50 mm . Draw the projections and find its inclination with VP. ST RA 13


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

A line $A B$ has its end $A 15 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 10 mm in front of VP. The end $B$ is 55 mm above HP and the line is inclined at $30^{\circ}$ to HP. The distance between end projectors of the line, when measured parallel to the line of intersection of plane is 50 mm . Draw the projections and find its inclination with VP. ST RA 13


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

A line $A B$ has its end $A 15 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 10 mm in front of VP. The end $B$ is 55 mm above HP and the line is inclined at $30^{\circ}$ to HP. The distance between end projectors of the line, when measured parallel to the line of intersection of plane is 50 mm . Draw the projections and find its inclination with VP. ST RA 13


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

The distance between end projectors passing through the end points is 50 mm , the end $A$ is 20 mm above HP and 15 mm in front of VP, the end $B$ is 45 mm in front of VP. The front view of the line AB measures 65 mm . Draw the projections and find its true inclinations and true length . ST RA 17

## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

The distance between end projectors passing through the end points is 50 mm , the end $A$ is 20 mm above HP and 15 mm in front of VP, the end $B$ is 45 mm in front of VP. The front view of the line AB measures 65 mm . Draw the projections and find its true inclinations and true length . ST RA 17


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

The distance between end projectors passing through the end points is 50 mm , the end A is 20 mm above HP and 15 mm in front of VP, the end B is 45 mm in front of VP. The front view of the line AB measures 65 mm . Draw the projections and find its true inclinations and true length . ST RA 17


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

The distance between end projectors passing through the end points is 50 mm , the end A is 20 mm above HP and 15 mm in front of VP, the end B is 45 mm in front of VP. The front view of the line AB measures 65 mm . Draw the projections and find its true inclinations and true length . ST RA 17


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

The distance between end projectors passing through the end points is 50 mm , the end A is 20 mm above HP and 15 mm in front of VP, the end B is 45 mm in front of VP. The front view of the line AB measures 65 mm . Draw the projections and find its true inclinations and true length . ST RA 17


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

The distance between end projectors passing through the end points is 50 mm , the end A is 20 mm above HP and 15 mm in front of VP, the end B is 45 mm in front of VP. The front view of the line AB measures 65mm. Draw the projections and find its true inclinations and true length . ST RA 17


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

The distance between end projectors passing through the end points is 50 mm , the end $A$ is 20 mm above HP and 15 mm in front of VP, the end B is 45 mm in front of VP. The front view of the line AB measures 65 mm . Draw the projections and find its true inclinations and true length . ST RA 17


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

The distance between end projectors passing through the end points is 50 mm , the end A is 20 mm above HP and 15 mm in front of VP, the end B is 45 mm in front of VP. The front view of the line AB measures 65 mm . Draw the projections and find its true inclinations and true length . ST RA 17


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

The distance between end projectors passing through the end points is 50 mm , the end A is 20 mm above HP and 15 mm in front of VP, the end B is 45 mm in front of VP. The front view of the line AB measures 65 mm . Draw the projections and find its true inclinations and true length . ST RA 17


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP-Rotating line method

The distance between end projectors passing through the end points is 50 mm , the end $A$ is 20 mm above HP and 15 mm in front of VP, the end $B$ is 45 mm in front of VP. The front view of the line AB measures 65 mm . Draw the projections and find its true inclinations and true length . ST RA 17


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Trapezoidal plane method

The distance between end projectors passing through the end points is 50 mm , the end $A$ is 20 mm above HP and 15 mm in front of VP, the end $B$ is 45 mm in front of VP. The front view of the line AB measures 65mm. Draw the projections and find its true inclinations and true length . ST RA T 17


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Trapezoidal plane method

The distance between end projectors passing through the end points is 50 mm , the end $A$ is 20 mm above HP and 15 mm in front of VP, the end $B$ is 45 mm in front of VP. The front view of the line AB measures 65mm. Draw the projections and find its true inclinations and true length . ST RA T 17


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Trapezoidal plane method

The distance between end projectors passing through the end points is 50 mm , the end $A$ is 20 mm above HP and 15 mm in front of VP, the end $B$ is 45 mm in front of VP. The front view of the line AB measures 65mm. Draw the projections and find its true inclinations and true length . ST RA T 17


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Trapezoidal plane method

The distance between end projectors passing through the end points is 50 mm , the end $A$ is 20 mm above HP and 15 mm in front of VP, the end $B$ is 45 mm in front of VP. The front view of the line AB measures 65mm. Draw the projections and find its true inclinations and true length . ST RA T 17


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Trapezoidal plane method

The distance between end projectors passing through the end points is 50 mm , the end $A$ is 20 mm above HP and 15 mm in front of VP, the end $B$ is 45 mm in front of VP. The front view of the line AB measures 65mm. Draw the projections and find its true inclinations and true length . ST RA T 17


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Trapezoidal plane method

The distance between end projectors passing through the end points is 50 mm , the end $A$ is 20 mm above HP and 15 mm in front of VP, the end $B$ is 45 mm in front of VP. The front view of the line AB measures 65mm. Draw the projections and find its true inclinations and true length . ST RA T 17


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Trapezoidal plane method

The distance between end projectors passing through the end points is 50 mm , the end $A$ is 20 mm above HP and 15 mm in front of VP, the end $B$ is 45 mm in front of VP. The front view of the line AB measures 65mm. Draw the projections and find its true inclinations and true length . ST RA T 17


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line method

The end $P$ of a line PQ is in the HP and 40 mm in front of VP. The end Q is in VP. The front view of the line makes an angle of 400 with XY and has a length of 85 mm . Draw the projections ST RA 25

## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line method

The end $P$ of a line $P Q$ is in the HP and 40 mm in front of VP. The end $Q$ is in VP. The front view of the line makes an angle of 400 with XY and has a length of 85 mm . Draw the projections ST RA 25


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line method

The end $P$ of a line PQ is in the HP and 40 mm in front of VP. The end Q is in VP. The front view of the line makes an angle of 400 with XY and has a length of 85 mm . Draw the projections ST RA 25


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line method

The end $P$ of a line PQ is in the HP and 40 mm in front of VP. The end Q is in VP. The front view of the line makes an angle of 400 with XY and has a length of 85 mm . Draw the projections ST RA 25


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line method

The end $P$ of a line PQ is in the HP and 40 mm in front of VP. The end Q is in VP. The front view of the line makes an angle of 400 with XY and has a length of 85 mm . Draw the projections ST RA 25


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line method

The end $P$ of a line PQ is in the HP and 40 mm in front of VP. The end Q is in VP. The front view of the line makes an angle of 400 with XY and has a length of 85 mm . Draw the projections ST RA 25


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line method

The end $P$ of a line $P Q$ is in the HP and 40 mm in front of VP. The end $Q$ is in VP. The front view of the line makes an angle of 400 with XY and has a length of 85 mm . Draw the projections ST RA 25

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Locus of Q in FV
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## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line method

The end $P$ of a line PQ is in the HP and 40 mm in front of VP. The end Q is in VP. The front view of the line makes an angle of 400 with XY and has a length of 85 mm . Draw the projections ST RA 25

```
Locus of Q in FV
```



## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line method

The end $P$ of a line $P Q$ is in the HP and 40 mm in front of VP. The end $Q$ is in VP. The front view of the line makes an angle of 400 with XY and has a length of 85 mm . Draw the projections ST RA 25


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Mid Point Problem

The mid point M of a line AB is 35 mm above HP and 45 mm in front of VP. The top view of the line is 80 mm and the front view measures 70 mm . One end $\mathbf{A}$ is 10 mm in front of and nearer to VP. The other end $\mathbf{B}$ is nearer to HP. Draw its projections. ST RA 26

## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Mid Point Problem

The mid point M of a line AB is 35 mm above HP and 45 mm in front of VP. The top view of the line is 80 mm and the front view measures 70 mm . One end $\mathbf{A}$ is 10 mm in front of and nearer to VP. The other end $\mathbf{B}$ is nearer to HP. Draw its projections. ST RA 26


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Mid Point Problem

The mid point M of a line AB is 35 mm above HP and 45 mm in front of VP. The top view of the line is 80 mm and the front view measures 70 mm . One end $\mathbf{A}$ is 10 mm in front of and nearer to VP. The other end $\mathbf{B}$ is nearer to HP. Draw its projections. ST RA 26


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Mid Point Problem

The mid point M of a line AB is 35 mm above HP and 45 mm in front of VP. The top view of the line is 80 mm and the front view measures 70 mm . One end $\mathbf{A}$ is 10 mm in front of and nearer to VP. The other end $\mathbf{B}$ is nearer to HP. Draw its projections. ST RA 26


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Mid Point Problem

The mid point M of a line AB is 35 mm above HP and 45 mm in front of VP. The top view of the line is 80 mm and the front view measures 70 mm . One end A is 10 mm in front of and nearer to VP. The other end B is nearer to HP. Draw its projections. ST RA 26


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Mid Point Problem

The mid point M of a line AB is 35 mm above HP and 45 mm in front of VP. The top view of the line is 80 mm and the front view measures 70 mm . One end A is 10 mm in front of and nearer to VP. The other end B is nearer to HP. Draw its projections. ST RA 26


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Mid Point Problem

The mid point M of a line AB is 35 mm above HP and 45 mm in front of VP. The top view of the line is 80 mm and the front view measures 70 mm . One end A is 10 mm in front of and nearer to VP. The other end B is nearer to HP. Draw its projections. ST RA 26


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Mid Point Problem

The mid point M of a line AB is 35 mm above HP and 45 mm in front of VP. The top view of the line is 80 mm and the front view measures 70 mm . One end A is 10 mm in front of and nearer to VP. The other end B is nearer to HP. Draw its projections. ST RA 26


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Mid Point Problem

The mid point M of a line AB is 35 mm above HP and 45 mm in front of VP. The top view of the line is 80 mm and the front view measures 70 mm . One end A is 10 mm in front of and nearer to VP. The other end B is nearer to HP. Draw its projections. ST RA 26


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Mid Point Problem

The mid point M of a line AB is 35 mm above HP and 45 mm in front of VP. The top view of the line is 80 mm and the front view measures 70 mm . One end A is 10 mm in front of and nearer to VP. The other end B is nearer to HP. Draw its projections. ST RA 26


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Mid Point Problem

The mid point M of a line AB is 35 mm above HP and 45 mm in front of VP. The top view of the line is 80 mm and the front view measures 70 mm . One end $A$ is 10 mm in front of and nearer to VP. The other end $B$ is nearer to HP. Draw its projections. ST RA 26


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Mid Point Problem

The mid point M of a line AB is 35 mm above HP and 45 mm in front of VP. The top view of the line is 80 mm and the front view measures 70 mm . One end $A$ is 10 mm in front of and nearer to VP. The other end $B$ is nearer to HP. Draw its projections. ST RA 26


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Mid Point Problem

The mid point M of a line AB is 35 mm above HP and 45 mm in front of VP. The top view of the line is 80 mm and the front view measures 70 mm . One end $A$ is 10 mm in front of and nearer to VP. The other end $B$ is nearer to HP. Draw its projections. ST RA 26


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line Method

The line RS 80 mm long has its end $\mathbf{R} 20 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 30 mm in front of VP. The TV and FV are 50 mm \& 65mm. Draw its projections. ST RA 31


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line Method

The line RS 80 mm long has its end $\mathbf{R} 20 \mathrm{~mm}$ above HP and 30 mm in front of VP. The TV and FV are 50 mm \& 65mm. Draw its projections. ST RA 31


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One end of a line 70 mm long, is 20 mm above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is inclined at $50^{\circ}$ to HP and $30^{\circ}$ to VP. Draw its projections and mark the point A on it, which is 35mm away from one end of the line. J13


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line Method

One end of a line 70 mm long, is 20 mm above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is inclined at $50^{\circ}$ to HP and $30^{\circ}$ to VP. Draw its projections and mark the point A on it, which is 35mm away from one end of the line. J13


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Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line Method
A line PQ 60mm long has its end P 20mm above HP and 10 mm in front of VP. The line is inclined at 400 to HP and 500 to VP. Draw its projections. J14


Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line Method
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Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line Method A straight line PQ is inclined at $45^{\circ}$ to HP and $35^{\circ}$ to VP.The point $P$ is on HP and the point $Q$ is on VP. The length of the line is 60 mm . Draw its projections. J15

Above HP

Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line Method A straight line PQ is inclined at $45^{\circ}$ to HP and $35^{\circ}$ to VP.The point $P$ is on HP and the point $Q$ is on VP. The length of the line is 60 mm . Draw its projections. J15


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## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line Method

A line PQ 75 mm long has its end $P \mathbf{2 0 m m}$ above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The end $Q$ is 50 mm above HP and 60 mm in front of VP. Draw its projection and find its inclination with HP and VP. J16

## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line Method

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A line PQ 75mm long has its end P 20 mm above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The end $Q$ is 50 mm above HP and 60 mm in front of VP. Draw its projection and find its inclination with HP and VP. J16


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Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line Method
The mid point of a line PQ 70mm long, is 25 mm above HP and 40 mm in front of VP. It is inclined at 350 to HP and 450 to VP. Draw its projections. J21


## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line Method

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Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line Method One end of a line PQ 70mm long, is 10 mm above HP and 25 mm in front of VP. The line is inclined at $25^{\circ}$ to HP and $45^{\circ}$ to VP. Draw the projections and find its traces. J22


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## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line Method

A line PQ is inclined at $35^{\circ}$ to VP has its ends 25 mm \& 55 mm above the HP. The length of the front view is 60 mm and its VT is 15 mm above HP. Determine the true length of PQ, its inclination with HP and its HT.

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## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line Method

The plan of a line $A B$ is 80 mm long and makes $35^{\circ}$ with $X Y$. Its elevation makes $45^{\circ}$ with XY and the line intersects XY at A. Find its true length and inclinations to HP and VP. ST 18
$\times \frac{\text { VP }}{\text { HP }} \quad$ Above HP

## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line Method

The plan of a line $A B$ is 80 mm long and makes $35^{\circ}$ with $X Y$. Its elevation makes $45^{\circ}$ with XY and the line intersects XY at A. Find its true length and inclinations to HP and VP. ST 18


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## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line Method

The plan of a line AB is 80 mm long and makes $35^{\circ}$ with XY . Its elevation makes $45^{\circ}$ with XY and the line intersects XY at A. Find its true length and inclinations to HP and VP. ST 18


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## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line Method

A line measuring 75 mm long has one of its ends 50 mm in front of VP and 15 mm above HP. The top view of the line is 50 mm long. The other end is 15 mm in front of VP and is above HP. Draw the projections and find the true inclination. ST 21

## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line Method

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## Line Inclined to both HP \& VP- Rotating Line Method

End A of line AB is 10 mm above HP and 20 mm in front of VP. The other end is 45 mm above HP and 65 mm in front of VP. The distance between the end projector is 40 mm . Draw the projection and find inclinations and true length. ST 22

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